

# Lanner

Hardware Platforms for Network Computing

## API User Guide

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## Revision History

Version	Date	Descriptions
0.10	02/14/2018	Beta release
0.11	02/26/2018	Add PSU functions (3.9.x)
0.12	03/13/2018	Dispersal MISC to HWM, SLED and SWR
0.13	03/16/2018	Add checkenv.sh OK and Error picture on page 115/116

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# CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

Lanner SDK aims to simplify and enhance the efficiency of customer's application implementation. When developers intend to write an application that involves hardware access, they were required to fully understand the specifications to utilize the drivers. This is often being considered a time-consuming job which requires lots of related knowledge and time. In order to achieve better full-access hardware functionality, Lanner invests great effort to ease customer's development journey with the release of a suite of reliable Software APIs.

## Benefits

### **Faster Time to Market**

Lanner's API helps developers to write applications to control the hardware without knowing the hardware specs of the chipsets and driver architecture.

### **Reduced Project Effort**

Accessing the API, developers are being given a more efficient way to utilize chipsets, communication bus, and physical I/Os. In addition, Lanner SDK also provides corresponded tools to prevent unexpected downtime causing from environment setup matters.

### **Enhances Lanner Platform Reliability**

Lanner SDK is released after a series of reliability test and security validations which combines manufacturing test sequences to enhance complete system reliability.

### **Flexible Upgrade Possibilities**

Considering customer's application maintenance and upgrade tasks, Lanner SDK is designed to be flexible to update/upgrade to the module level. The simple re-initial process will bring up the updated and upgraded modules to be functional.

### **Backward compatibility**

Lanner grants the responsibility to control API backward support, allowing customers to worry less about development of new products.

## Operating Systems

OS supports for the current version are as below:

- ▶ CentOS 7.4/7.3/6.8
- ▶ Ubuntu 14.04.5/16.04.1/17.04



# CHAPTER 2 DEFINITION

## Constant and Macro Define

```
#define int8_t      char
#define int16_t     short
#define int32_t     int
#define int64_t     long long
#define uint8_t     unsigned char
#define uint16_t    unsigned short
#define uint32_t    unsigned int
#define uint64_t    unsigned long long
```

```
/* WDT timer base ***/
```

```
#define BASE_SECOND      1
#define BASE_MINUTE     2
```

```
/* WDT type */
```

```
#define WDT_TYPE_UNKNOW  0
#define WDT_TYPE_SIO    1
#define WDT_TYPE_TCO    2
```

```
/* GPIO Direction Define */
```

```
#define DIRECTION_INPUT  0
#define DIRECTION_OUTPUT 1
```

```
#define DISABLE          0
#define ENABLE           1
```

```
/* Bit Define Hardware Monitor Devices */
```

```
#define HWM_TEMP_CPU1 0x00000001  
#define HWM_TEMP_CPU2 0x00000002  
#define HWM_TEMP_SYS1 0x00000004  
#define HWM_TEMP_SYS2 0x00000008  
#define HWM_FAN_CPU1 0x00000010  
#define HWM_FAN_CPU2 0x00000020  
#define HWM_FAN_SYS1 0x00000040  
#define HWM_FAN_SYS2 0x00000080  
#define HWM_FAN_1 0x00000100  
#define HWM_FAN_2 0x00000200  
#define HWM_FAN_3 0x00000400  
#define HWM_FAN_4 0x00000800  
#define HWM_VCORE_1 0x00001000  
#define HWM_VCORE_2 0x00002000  
#define HWM_12V 0x00004000  
#define HWM_5V 0x00008000  
#define HWM_3V3 0x00010000  
#define HWM_5VSB 0x00020000  
#define HWM_3V3SB 0x00040000  
#define HWM_VBAT 0x00080000  
#define HWM_POWER_1 0x00100000  
#define HWM_POWER_2 0x00200000
```

```
/* LAN Bypass Controller Slot define */
```

```
#define SLOT_ONBOARD 0x00  
#define SLOT_INDEX_1 0x01  
#define SLOT_INDEX_2 0x02  
#define SLOT_INDEX_3 0x03  
#define SLOT_INDEX_4 0x04  
#define SLOT_INDEX_5 0x05  
#define SLOT_INDEX_6 0x06  
#define SLOT_INDEX_7 0x07  
#define SLOT_INDEX_8 0x08
```

```
/* LAN Slot modules type */
```

```
#define LAN_TYPE_UNKNOW 0  
#define LAN_TYPE_COPPER 1  
#define LAN_TYPE_FIBER 2
```

```
/* LAN Bypass module bit define */
```

```
#define LBP_MODBIT_SystemOff 0x01  
#define LBP_MODBIT_JustOn 0x02  
#define LBP_MODBIT_Runtime 0x04  
#define LBP_MODBIT_TIMER1 0x08  
#define LBP_MODBIT_TIMER2 0x10  
#define LBP_MODBIT_TIMER3 0x20  
#define LBP_MODBIT_Disconnect 0x40
```

```
/* LAN Bypass Timer Configure: action item*/
```

```
#define PAIR_NOASSIGN 0  
#define PAIR_BYPASS_ENABLE 1  
#define PORT_DISCONNECT 2
```

```

/**** Intrusion Item Define (bit) ****/
/* Hardware Monitor Intrusion */
#define INTRMSG_CASEOPEN    0x00000001
/* Software Reset Button Intrusion */
#define INTRMSG_SWRESET    0x00000001
/* Power Supply Intrusion */
#define INTRMSG_PSU1_INPUT    0x00000001
#define INTRMSG_PSU2_INPUT    0x00000002
#define INTRMSG_PSU1_TEMP    0x00000004
#define INTRMSG_PSU2_TEMP    0x00000008
#define INTRMSG_PSU1_VOUT    0x00000010
#define INTRMSG_PSU2_VOUT    0x00000020
#define INTRMSG_PSU1_IOUT    0x00000040
#define INTRMSG_PSU2_IOUT    0x00000080
#define INTRMSG_PSU1_FAN    0x00000100
#define INTRMSG_PSU2_FAN    0x00000200

/* PSU Watts Select */
#define PSU_WATTS_INPUT    0
#define PSU_WATTS_OUTPUT    1

/* PSU Status Bit define */
#define PSU_FAULT_NONEOFABOVE 0x0001
#define PSU_FAULT_COMM    0x0002
#define PSU_FAULT_TEMP    0x0004
#define PSU_FAULT_VIN_UV    0x0008
#define PSU_FAULT_IOUT_OC    0x0010
#define PSU_FAULT_VOUT_OV    0x0020
#define PSU_FAULT_UINTOFF    0x0040
#define PSU_FAULT_UINTBUSY    0x0080
#define PSU_FAULT_UNKNOWN    0x0100
#define PSU_FAULT_OTHERS    0x0200
#define PSU_FAULT_FAN    0x0400
#define PSU_FAULT_POWERGOOD 0x0800
#define PSU_FAULT_MFRSPEC    0x1000
#define PSU_FAULT_INPUT    0x2000
#define PSU_FAULT_IOUT    0x4000
#define PSU_FAULT_VOUT    0x8000

```

## Structure Define

```
typedef struct DEF_DLL_VERSION {
    uint16_t uwDllMajor;
    uint16_t uwDllMinor;
    uint16_t uwDllBuild;
    uint32_t udwBoardProduct;
    uint16_t uwBoardMajor;
    uint16_t uwBoardMinor;
    uint16_t uwBoardBuild;
}DLL_VERSION;
```

```
typedef struct DEF_WDT_INFO {
    uint8_t ubType;
    uint16_t uwCountMax;
    uint8_t unMinuteSupport;
} WDT_INFO;
```

```
typedef struct DEF_LBPDEV_INFO {
    uint8_t ubSlotIndex;
    uint8_t ubType;          //copper or fiber
    uint8_t ubVersion[2];   //major & minor
    uint8_t ubModules;     //modules support
    uint8_t ubSystemOff_Pairs; //bit indicate of pair
    uint8_t ubJustOn_Pairs;
    uint8_t ubRuntime_Pairs;
    uint16_t uwTimer1_MaxSec; //maximum seconds
    uint16_t uwTimer2_MaxSec;
    uint16_t uwTimer3_MaxSec;
}LBPDEV_INFO;
```

```

typedef struct DEF_PAIRS_STATUS {
    uint8_t ubSystemOff_PairsBypass;
    uint8_t ubJustOn_PairsBypass;
    uint8_t ubRuntime_PairsBypass;
    uint8_t ubJustOn_PortsDisconnect;
    uint8_t ubRuntime_PortsDisconnect;
}PAIRS_STATUS;

typedef struct DEF_LBP_TIMERCFG {
    uint8_t ubTimerNo; //timer number
    uint16_t uwTimeSec; //timer value by second
    uint8_t ubAction; //timeout action
    uint8_t ubEffect; //assign pairs or ports
}LBP_TIMERCFG;

typedef struct DEF_INTRUSION_TIME {
    uint16_t uwYear;
    uint8_t ubMonth;
    uint8_t ubDay;
    uint8_t ubHour;
    uint8_t ubMinute;
    uint8_t ubSecond;
}INTRUSION_TIME;

/**/ Intrusion Callback Function ***/
typedef struct DEF_INTRUSION_MSG {
    uint32_t udwOccurItem; //Occur item
    uint32_t udwStatus; //Occur Status
    INTRUSION_TIME stuTime; //Occur time
}INTRUSION_MSG;
typedef void (*INTRUSION_CALLBACK)(INTRUSION_MSG);

```

```
/**GPI Changed Callback***/
typedef struct DEF_GPI_MSG {
    uint8_t ubGroup;          //GPI Group
    uint32_t udwGpis;         //Occur GPIs
    uint32_t udwStatus;       //Occur Status
    INTRUSION_TIME stuTime;   //Occur time
}GPI_MSG;
typedef void (*GPI_CALLBACK) (GPI_MSG);

/** LCM Device Information ***/
typedef struct DEF_LCM_INFO {
    uint16_t uwModeNo;
    uint16_t uwVersion;
    uint32_t udwBaudrate;
} LCM_INFO;

/**LCM keys Callback***/
typedef struct DEF_LCMKEY_MSG {
    uint8_t ubKeys;          //Occur Keys
    uint8_t ubStatus;        //Occur Status
    INTRUSION_TIME stuTime;  //Occur time
}LCMKEY_MSG;
typedef void (*LCMKEY_CALLBACK) (LCMKEY_MSG);
```

```
/** Power Supply */
typedef struct DEF_PSU_INFO {
    uint8_t ubPsuNo; //input parameter
    uint8_t strubMfrId[33];
    uint8_t strubMfrModel[33];
    uint8_t strubMfrSerial[33];
    uint8_t strubMfrRevision[33];
}PSU_INFO;

typedef struct DEF_PSU_WATTS {
    uint8_t ubPsuNo; //input parameter
    uint8_t ubInOut; //input parameter
    float fVolt;
    float fAmpere;
    float fWatts;
}PSU_WATTS;

typedef struct DEF_PSU_SENSORS {
    uint8_t ubPsuNo; //input parameter
    float fTemp_1;
    float fTemp_2;
    uint16_t uwFanRpm;
}PSU_SENSORS;
```



## Status Code

All Lanner API functions immediately return a status code from a common list of possible errors. Any function may return any of the defined status code.

```
#define ERR_Success      0
```

Description

The operation is successful.

```
#define ERR_Error       0xFFFFFFFF
```

Description

Generic error message.

```
#define ERR_NotExist    0xFFFFFFFFE
```

Description

Library file not found, device not exist or plugged

```
#define ERR_NotOpened   0xFFFFFFFFD
```

Description

Library not opened or not ready yet

```
#define ERR_Invalid     0xFFFFFFFFC
```

Description

Parameter is not valid value or out of range

```
#define ERR_NotSupport  0xFFFFFFFFB
```

Description

This function wasn't supported in this platform

```
#define ERR_BusyInUses  0xFFFFFFFFA
```

Description

Library is in using now or device IO is busy now

```
#define ERR_BoardNotMatch 0xFFFFFFFF9
```

Description

Board library and board isn't matched

**#define ERR\_IPMI\_IDLESTATE 0xFFFFFFFF**

Description

IPMI KCS interface not in IDLE State

**#define ERR\_IPMI\_WRITESTATE 0xFFFFFFFFE**

Description

IPMI KCS interface WRITE State check failure

**#define ERR\_IPMI\_READSTATE 0xFFFFFFFFD**

Description

IPMI KCS interface READ State check failure

**#define ERR\_IPMI\_IBF0 0xFFFFFFFFC**

Description

IPMI KCS interface wait IBF '0' State failure

**#define ERR\_IPMI\_OBF1 0xFFFFFFFFB**

Description

IPMI KCS interface wait OBF '1' State failure

# CHAPTER 3 API FUNCTIONS

## Library Control

### LMB\_DLL\_Init

The **LMB\_DLL\_Init** function initial the Lanner common API and board libraries

#### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_DLL_Init(void);
```

#### Parameters

(none)

#### Return Value

ERR\_Success: initial library successful

ERR\_NotExist: board library not found

ERR\_BoardNotMatch: library and M/B is different

ERR\_Error: initial library failure

#### Remarks

(none)

#### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{ int32_t iRet;
  iRet = LMB_DLL_Init();
  if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
    printf("Initial library successful\n");
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
      printf("API Library is Ready\n");
    }
  }
  LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_DLL\_DeInit

The **LMB\_DLL\_DeInit** function release the Lanner common API library

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_DLL_DeInit(void);
```

### Parameters

(none)

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: Release library successful

ERR\_BusyInUses: libray busy or some process in uses

### Remarks

This function will auto releasing board level library

### Example

Refer function LMB\_DLL\_Init example.

## LMB\_DLL\_Version

The **LMB\_DLL\_Version** function loads the Lanner board level library

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_DLL_Version(DLL_VERSION* pstuDllVersion);
```

### Parameters

*pstuDllVersion*

[in] obtain the DLL and Board Library version information

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet;
    DLL_VERSION stuVer;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_DLL_Version(&stuVer);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
        printf("DLL Version: %d.%d.%d\n",stuVer.uwDllMajor,
            stuVer.uwDllMinor,stuVer.uwDllBuild);
        printf("Board Version: %d.%d.%d.%d\n",
            stuVer.udwBoardProduct, stuVer.uwBoardMajor,
            stuVer.uwBoardMinor, stuVer.uwBoardBuild);
    }
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

# Hardware Monitor

## LMB\_HWM\_DevInfo

The **LMB\_HWM\_DevInfo** function gets monitor devices of this platform

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_DevInfo(uint32_t* pudwDevInfo);
```

### Parameters

*pudwDevInfo*

[in] obtain the monitor devices information.

Please refer chapter 2.1 “Bit Define for Hardware Monitor Devices”

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

none

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    uint32_t dwDevInfo =0;
    LMB_DLL_Init(ENABLE);
    iRet = LMB_HWM_DevInfo(&dwDevInfo);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("Monitor devices is %08X\n", dwDevInfo);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_HWM\_GetCpuTemp

The **LMB\_HWM\_GetCpuTemp** function reads temperature of the CPU processor

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_GetCpuTemp(uint8_t ubCpuNo, float* pfTemperature);
```

### Parameters

*ubCpuNo*

[out] select CPU number, single CPU platform this parameter will skip.

*pfTemperature*

[in] the current temperature value of the CPU.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Invalid: parameter input is out of range

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this fucntion

### Remarks

none

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    float fTemp =0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_GetCpuTemp(1, &fTemp);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("CPU 1 temperature is %f\n", fTemp);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_HWM\_GetSysTemp

The **LMB\_HWM\_GetSysTemp** function reads temperature of the system.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_GetSysTemp(uint8_t ubSysNo, float* pfTemperature);
```

### Parameters

*ubSysNo*

[out] select System sensor, single sensor platform this parameter will skip.

*pfTemperature*

[in] the current temperature value of the CPU.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Invalid: parameter input is out of range

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

none

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    float fTemp =0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_GetSysTemp(1, &fTemp);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("SYS 1 temperature is %f\n", fTemp);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```



## LMB\_HWM\_GetVcore

The **LMB\_HWM\_GetVcore** function reads the CPU Vcore voltage.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_GetVcore(uint8_t ubCpuNo, float* pfVoltage);
```

### Parameters

*ubCpuNo*

[out] select CPU number, single CPU platform this parameter will skip.

*pfVoltage*

[in] obtain the current voltage of CPU Vcore.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Invalid: parameter input is out of range

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

none

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    float fVolt =0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_GetVcore(1, &fVolt);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("CPU 1 Vcore Voltage = %f\n", fvolt);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_HWM\_Get12V

The **LMB\_Get12V** function reads the positive 12V voltage.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_Get12V(float* pfVoltage);
```

### Parameters

*pfVoltage*

[in] obtain the current voltage of positive 12V

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    float fVolt =0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_Get12V(&fVolt);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("12V Voltage = %f\n", fvolt);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_HWM\_Get5V

The **LMB\_HWM\_Get5V** function reads the positive 5V voltage.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_Get5V(float* pfVoltage);
```

### Parameters

*pfVoltage*

[in] obtain the current voltage of positive 5V

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this fucntion

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    float fVolt =0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_Get5V(&fVolt);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("5V Voltage = %f\n", fVolt);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_HWM\_Get3V3

The **LMB\_HWM\_Get3V3** function reads the positive 3.3V voltage.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_Get3V3(float* pfVoltage);
```

### Parameters

*pfVoltage*

[in] obtain the current voltage of positive 3.3V

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    float fVolt =0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_Get3V3(&fVolt);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("3.3V Voltage = %f\n", fVolt);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_HWM\_Get5Vsb

The **LMB\_HWM\_Get5Vsb** function reads the positive 5V standby power.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_Get5Vsb(float* pfVoltage);
```

### Parameters

*pfVoltage*

[in] obtain the current voltage of positive 5V standby power

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    float fVolt =0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_Get5Vsb(&fVolt);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("5V standby Voltage = %f\n", fvolt);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_HWM\_Get3V3sb

The **LMB\_HWM\_Get3V3sb** function reads the positive 3V/3.3V standby power.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_Get3V3sb(float* pfVoltage);
```

### Parameters

*pfVoltage*

[in] obtain the current voltage of positive 3.3V standby power

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    float fVolt =0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_Get3V3sb(&fVolt);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("3.3V standby Voltage = %f\n", fVolt);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_HWM\_GetVbat

The **LMB\_HWM\_GetVbat** function reads the battery voltage.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_GetVbat(float* pfVoltage);
```

### Parameters

*pfVoltage*

[in] obtain the current voltage of the battery

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    float fVolt =0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_GetVbat(&fVolt);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("Battery Voltage = %f\n", fVolt);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_HWM\_GetCpuFan

The **LMB\_HWM\_GetCpuFan** function reads the CPU fan speed

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_GetCpuFan(uint8_t ubCpuNo, uint16_t* puwRpm);
```

### Parameters

*ubCpuNo*

[out] select CPU number, single CPU platform this parameter will skip.

*puwRpm*

[in] obtain the CPU fan speed

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    uint16_t wRPM =0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_GetCpuFan(1, &wRPM);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("CPU 1 Fan Speed = %d\n", wRPM);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```



## LMB\_HWM\_GetSysFan

The **LMB\_HWM\_GetSysFan** function reads the system fan speed

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_GetSysFan(uint8_t ubSysNo, uint16_t* puwRpm);
```

### Parameters

*ubSysNo*

[out] select system fan, single system fan platform this parameter will skip.

*puwRpm*

[in] obtain the system fan speed

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    uint16_t wRPM =0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_GetSysFan(1, &wRPM);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("System 1 Fan Speed = %d\n", wRPM);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_HWM\_GetFanSpeed

The **LMB\_HWM\_GetFanSpeed** function reads the fan speed which was assigned

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_GetFanSpeed(uint8_t ubFanNo, uint16_t* puwRpm);
```

### Parameters

*ubFanNo*

[out] assign the fan index number which is described in user manual

*puwRpm*

[in] obtain the fan speed

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    uint16_t wRPM =0;
    uint8_t fanno = 2;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_GetCpuFan(fanno, &wRPM);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("Fan%d Speed = %d\n",fanno, wRPM);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_HWM\_GetPowerSupply

The **LMB\_HWM\_GetPowerSupply** function reads the power supply AC input

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_GetPowerSupply(uint8_t ubPowerNo,
                               uint16_t* puwVoltage);
```

### Parameters

*ubPowerNo*

[out] assign the AC power supply number which is described in user manual

*puwVoltage*

[in] obtain the AC power voltage

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this fucntion

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet ;
    uint16_t wVolt =0;
    uint8_t pwrno = 2;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_GetPowerSupply(pwrno, &wVolt);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success )
        printf("Power-%d Voltage = %d\n",powno, wVolt);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_HWM\_CaseOpenStatus

The **LMB\_HWM\_CaseOpenStatus** function gets the case cover status

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_CaseOpenStatus(uint8_t *pubStatus);
```

### Parameters

*pubStatus*

[in] indicate case cover status.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

none

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet;
    uint8_t bStatus= 0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_HWM_CaseOpenStatus(&bStatus);
    if (iRet == ERR_Success)
        printf("Case cover status is %d\n", bStatus);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_HWM\_IntrCallback

The **LMB\_HWM\_IntrCallback** function hooks some status change callback

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_IntrCallback(INTRUSION_CALLBACK pCallback
                             uint16_t uwmSec);
```

### Parameters

*pCallback*

[out] hook callback function pointer for status changed event.

*uwmSec*

[out] setting period of time for checking status changed

[range: 10 ~ 999ms]

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_BusyInUses: callback function is running now

ERR\_Invalid: parameter is out of range

### Remarks

Supports case open, software reset button and power status changed and power supply fault event (refer to "Intrusion Item Define (bit)" in chapter 2)

When pCallback is NULL pointer this function will disable.

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

void hwmCallback(INTRUSION_MSG pIntr){
    printf("item=%04X,status=%04X,\
    time = %04d/%02d/%02d %02d:%02d:%02d\n",\
    pInt.udwOccurItem, pIntr.udwStatus, pIntr.stuTime.year, \
    pIntr.stuTime.month, pIntr.stuTime.day, pIntr.stuTime.hour,\
    pIntr.stuTime.minute, pIntr.stuTime.second");
}

int main(){
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    LMB_HWM_IntrCallback(hwmCallback, 100);
    While (1) {
        .....
    }
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

### 3.2.17 LMB\_HWM\_ClearCaseOpenStatus

The **LMB\_HWM\_ClearCaseOpenStatus** function reset case open occurred status

#### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_HWM_ClaerCaseOpenStatus(void);
```

#### Parameters

*(none)*

#### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

#### Remarks

Some platforms need clear case open status for next event detection.

When clear status the case open status still occurred this is mean case still opened.

#### Example

none

# Watch Dog Timer

## LMB\_WDT\_QueryInfo

The **LMB\_WDT\_QueryInfo** function gets Watch Dog Timer information.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_WDT_QueryInfo(WDT_INFO* pstuWdtInfo);
```

### Parameters

*psuWdtInfo*

[in] structure pointer for obtaining WDT information

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{ int32_t iRet;
  WDT_INFO stuWdtInfo;
  LMB_DLL_Init();
  iRet = LMB_WDT_QueryInfo(&stuWdtInfo);
  if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
printf("WDT type = %d\n", stuWdtInfo.ubType);
printf("WDT maximum count = %d\n", stuWdtInfo.uwCountMax);
if (stuWdtInfo.unMinuteSupport)
  printf("WDT support MUNUTE and SECOND time base\n");
else
  printf("WDT support only support SECOND base\n");
  }
  LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```



## LMB\_WDT\_Config

The **LMB\_WDT\_Config** function configure the Watch Dog Timer

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_WDT_Config(uint16_t uwCount, uint8_t ubTimeBase);
```

### Parameters

*uwCount*

[out] the value is setting the timer count down

*ubTimeBase*

[out] the value is select time base.

1	Second base
2	Minute base

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_Invalid: parameter invalid value

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

ERR\_BusyInUse: skip because WDT already starting now

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    uint8_t iRet ;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_WDT_Config(200, BASE_SECOND);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
printf("WDT Ready: reset system after timeout.\n");
        LMB_WDT_Start(); //starting WDT
        while(1) {
..... Main Loop Process .....
            LMB_WDT_Tick();
        }
        else {
            printf("WDT configure failure\n");
        }
        LMB_DLL_DeInit();
        return 0;
    }
}
```

## LMB\_WDT\_Start

**LMB\_WDT\_Start** function is starting the WDT countdown.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_WDT_Start(void);
```

### Parameters

*(none)*

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

*(none)*

### Example

Refer function LMB\_WDT\_Config example.

## LMB\_WDT\_Stop

The **LMB\_WDT\_Stop** function is stopped the WDT countdown.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_WDT_Stop(void);
```

### Parameters

*(none)*

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

*(none)*

### Example

Refer function LMB\_WDT\_Config example.

## LMB\_WDT\_Tick

The **LMB\_WDT\_Tick** function reloads the timer then re-computes it.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_WDT_Tick(void);
```

### Parameters

(none)

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

Refer function LMB\_WDT\_Config example.

# General Purpose Input Output

## LMB\_GPIO\_GetInfo

The **LMB\_GPIO\_GetInfo** function gets this platform GPIO supported information

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_GPIO_GetInfo(uint8_t ubGroup, uint8_t* pubGpis,  
                          uint8_t* pubGpos);
```

### Parameters

*ubGroup*

[out] select GPIO group, [range: 1 ~ 10]

*pubGpis*

[in] obtain the GPIs supports numbers of this platform

*pubGpos*

[in] obtain the GPOs supports numbers of this platform

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotOpened: ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: platform not support GPIO direction setting

### Remarks

none

**Example**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet;
    uint8_t ubGPIs=0, ubGPOs=0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    /** pin 0/1 set to output mode, pin 2/3 set to input mode **/
    iRet = LMB_GPIO_GetInfo(0, &ubGPIs, &ubGPOs);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
        printf("GPIs = %d, GPOs = %d\n", ubGPIs, ubGPOs);
    }
    else
        printf("Functions error \n");
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_GPIO\_GpoWrite

The **LMB\_GPIO\_GpoWrite** function writes data to GPO group

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_GPIO_GpoWrite(uint8_t ubGroup, uint32_t udwValue);
```

### Parameters

*ubGroup*

[out] select GPIO group, if only one group, this parameter will skip.

*udwValue*

[out] the value for DO writing

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

DO group is depend on hardware define, 32 pins is maximum for one group,

GPO group1: GPO\_11 ~ GPO\_18 or GPO\_101 ~ GPO\_132

GPO group2: GPO\_21 ~ GPO\_28

No group: GPO\_1 ~ GPO\_4

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[] {
    int32_t iRet;
    uint32_t dwSize;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    /** set DO pin0~1 is '0', Do pin 2~3 is '1' **/
    iRet = LMB_GPIO_GpoWrite(1, 0x0C);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) printf("Wrote was successful\n");
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```



## LMB\_GPIO\_GpoPinWrite

The **LMB\_GPIO\_GpoPinWrite** function writes data to a specific pin of GPO

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_GPIO_GpoPinWrite(uint8_t ubGroup, uint8_t ubPinNo,
                              uint8_t ubValue);
```

### Parameters

*ubGroup*

[out] select GPO group, if only one group, this parameter will skip

*ubPinNo*

[out] t assign a pin of GPO to write data [range: 1~32]

*ubValue*

[out] the value for write [range: 0/1] (low/high)

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_Invalid: assign DO pin not exist

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    /** set GPO_1/2 is '0', GPO_3/4 is '1' **/
    LMB_GPIO_GpoPinWrite(0, 1, 0);
    LMB_GPIO_GpoPinWrite(0, 2, 0);
    LMB_GPIO_GpoPinWrite(0, 3, 1);
    LMB_GPIO_GpoPinWrite(0, 4, 1);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_GPIO\_GpoRead

The **LMB\_GPIO\_GpoRead** function reads data of assigned GPO group.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_GPIO_GpoRead(uint8_t ubGroup, uint32_t* pudwValue);
```

### Parameters

*ubGroup*

[out] select GPO group, if only one group, this parameter will skip

*pudwValue*

[in] the value for read, always read '0' when the GPO pin is invalid or not exist

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    int32_t iRet;
    uint32_t dwData=0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_GPIO_GpoRead(0, &dwData);
    if (iRet == ERR_Success) printf("GPO status is %08X\n",dwData);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_GPIO\_GpoPinRead

The **LMB\_GPIO\_GpoPinRead** function reads data of assigned GPO pin.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_GPO_GpoPinRead(uint8_t ubGroup, uint8_t ubPinNo,
                           uint8_t* pubValue);
```

### Parameters

*ubGroup*

[out] select GPO group, if only one group, this parameter will skip

*ubPinNo*

[out] assign a pin of GPO to write data [range: 1~32]

*pubValue*

[in] the value for read [range: 0/1] (low/high)

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet;
    uint8_t pin=3, bData=0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_GPIO_GpoPinRead(0, pin &bData);
    if (iRet == ERR_Success)
        printf("GPO pin%d status is %d\n",pin, bData);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_GPIO\_GpiRead

The **LMB\_GPIO\_GpiRead** function reads data of assigned GPI group.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_GPIO_GpiRead(uint8_t ubGroup, uint32_t* pudwValue);
```

### Parameters

*ubGroup*

[out] select GPI group, if only one group, this parameter will skip

*pudwValue*

[in] the value for read, always read '0' when the GPI pin is invalid or not exist

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: DIO device not opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet;
    uint32_t dwData=0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_GPIO_GpiRead(0, &dwData);
    if (iRet == ERR_Success)
        printf("GPI pins status is %08X\n",dwData);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_GPIO\_GpiPinRead

The **LMB\_GPIO\_GpiPinRead** function reads data of assigned GPI pin.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_GPIO_GpiPinRead(uint8_t ubGroup, uint8_t ubPinNo,
                             uint8_t* pubValue);
```

### Parameters

*ubGroup*

[out] select GPI group, if only one group, this parameter will skip

*ubPinNo*

[out] t assign a pin of GPI to write data [range: 1~32]

*pubValue*

[in] the value for read [range: 0/1] (low/high)

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: DIO device not opened yet

ERR\_Error: function is failure

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet;
    uint8_t pin=3, bData=0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_GPIO_GpiPinRead(0, pin &bData);
    if (iRet == ERR_Success)
        printf("GPI pin%d status is %d\n",pin, bData);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_GPIO\_GpiCallback

The **LMB\_GPIO\_GpiCallback** function hooks GPI status changed callback

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_GPIO_GpiCallback(GPI_CALLBACK pCallback,  
                             uint16_t uwmSec);
```

### Parameters

*pCallback*

[out] hook callback function pointer for GPI status changed event.

*uwmSec*

[out] setting period of time for checking status changed

[range: 10 ~ 999ms]

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_BusyInUses: callback function is running now

ERR\_Invalid: parameter is out of range

### Remarks

Current supports case open, software reset button and power status changed.

When pCallback is NULL pointer this function will disable.

**Example**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

void gpiCallback(GPI_MSG pGpiMsg) {
    printf("Gpis=%02X,status=%02X,\
    time = %04d/%02d/%02d %02d:%02d:%02d\n",\
    pGpiMsg.udwGpis, pGpiMsg.udwStatus, pGpiMsg.stuTime.year, \
    pGpiMsg.stuTime.month, pGpiMsg.stuTime.day, \
    pGpiMsg.stuTime.hour, pGpiMsg.stuTime.minute, \
    pGpiMsg.stuTime.second");
}

int main() {
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    LMB_GPIO_GpiCallback(gpiCallback, 250);
    While (1) {
        .....
    }
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

# System LED

## LMB\_SLED\_SetSystemLED

The **LMB\_SLED\_SetSystemLED** function sets the system LED display mode

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_SLED_SetSystemLED(uint8_t ubLedMode);
```

### Parameters

*ubLedMode*

[out] setting the LED display mode. (range 0 ~ 3)

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_Invalid: parameter is out of range

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

The LED colors is depend on the platform hardware configuration

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet;
    uint8_t sled = 1; //model -> light green LED
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_SLED_SetSystemLED(sled);
    if (iRet == ERR_Success) printf("Green LED is ready\n");
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```



## LMB\_SLED\_GetSystemLED

The **LMB\_SLED\_GetSystemLED** function gets the system LED display mode status

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_SLED_GetSystemLED(uint8_t *pubLedMode);
```

### Parameters

*pubLedMode*

[in] obtain system LED display mode.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

The LED colors depend on the platform hardware configuration

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet;
    uint8_t sled= 0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_SLED_GetSystemLED(&sled);
    if (iRet == ERR_Success) printf("LED mode is %d\n", sled);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

# LAN Bypass Control

## LMB\_LBP\_QueryDevices

The **LMB\_LBP\_QueryDevices** function gets platform installed controller devices.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_QueryDevices(uint16_t* puwSlotsDev);
```

### Parameters

*puwSlotsDev*

[in] obtain this platform devices installed status.

bit status 0 is empty, status 1 is installed

bit 0	Onboard LBP controller
bit 1	Slot1 LBP controller status
bit 2	Slot2 LBP controller status
bit 3	Slot3 LBP controller status
bit 4	Slot4 LBP controller status
bit 5	Slot5 LBP controller status
bit 6	Slot6 LBP controller status
bit 7	Slot7 LBP controller status
bit 8	Slot8 LBP controller status
bit 9 ~ bit 15 is not using now	

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

none

**Example**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(){
int32_t iRet;
uint16_t uwSlotsDev;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    LMB_LBP_QueryDevices(&uwSlotsDev);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
        printf("Current hardware devices list:\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0001 ) printf("    SLOT_ONBOARD\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0002 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_1\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0004 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_2\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0008 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_3\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0010 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_4\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0020 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_5\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0040 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_6\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0080 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_7\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0100 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_8\n");
    }
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LBP\_DeviceInfo

The **LMB\_LBP\_DeviceInfo** function gets the controller device information

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_DeviceInfo(uint8_t ubSlot, LBPDEV_INFO *pstuDevInfo);
```

### Parameters

*ubSlot*

[in] assign the slot for device access

*pstuDevInfo*

[in] structure pointer for obtain controller device information.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

none

**Example**

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
LBPDEV_INFO LbpDevInfo;
LMB_DLL_Init();
iRet = LMB_LBP_DeviceInfo(xi, &LbpDevInfo);
if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
    printf("==== Lan Bypass Controller information =====\n");
    printf("Slot index is %d\n", LbpDevInfo.ubSlotIndex);
    if ( LbpDevInfo.ubType == LAN_TYPE_COPPER )
        printf("Controller Type is Copper\n");
    else if ( LbpDevInfo.ubType == LAN_TYPE_FIBER )
        printf("Controller Type is Fiber\n");
    else
        printf("Controller Type is unknown\n");
    printf("Version: %d.%d\n",LbpDevInfo.ubVersion[0], LbpDevInfo.ubVersion[1]);
    printf(" Modules: %02X\n",LbpDevInfo.ubModules);
    printf(" SystemOff Pairs: %02X\n",LbpDevInfo.ubSystemOff_Pairs);
    printf(" JustOn Pairs: %02X\n",LbpDevInfo.ubJustOn_Pairs);
    printf(" Runtime Pairs: %02X\n",LbpDevInfo.ubRuntime_Pairs);
    printf(" Timer1 MaxSec: %d seconds\n",LbpDevInfo.uwTimer1_MaxSec);
    printf(" Timer2 MaxSec: %d seconds\n",LbpDevInfo.uwTimer2_MaxSec);
    printf(" Timer3 MaxSec: %d seconds\n",LbpDevInfo.uwTimer3_MaxSec);
}
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}

```

## LMB\_LBP\_FactoryReset

The **LMB\_LBP\_FactoryReset** function clear setting of the device configuration

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_FactoryReset(uint8_t ubSlot);
```

### Parameters

*ubSlot*

[in] assign the slot for device access

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

Reset all configure to factory default setting

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(){
int32_t iRet;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    LMB_LBP_FactoryReset();
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
        printf("Lan Bypass Control was set to factory default\n");
    }
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LBP\_SaveConfig

The **LMB\_LBP\_SaveConfig** function save the configuration to NVRAM as default

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_SaveConfig(uint8_t ubSlot);
```

### Parameters

*ubSlot*

[in] assign the slot for device access

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

none

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(){
int32_t iRet;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    LMB_LBP_SaveConfig();
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
        printf("Lan Bypass Control was saved to NVRAM successful\n");
    }
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LBP\_GetPairsStatus

The **LMB\_LBP\_GetPairsStatus** function gets all pairs and ports current status

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_GetPairsStatus(uint8_t ubSlot,  
                               PAIRS_STATUS *pstuPairsStatus );
```

### Parameters

*ubSlot*

[in] assign the slot for device access

*pstuPairsStatus*

[in] a pointer of PAIRS\_STATUS structure

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

none



**Example**

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
PAIRS_STATUS stuPairsStatus
LMB_DLL_Init();
iRet = LMB_LBP_GetPairsStatus(1, &PairsStatus);
if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
printf("====GetPairsStatus====\n");
printf("Slot index is %d\n", PairsStatus.ubSlotIndex);
printf("SystemOff_PairsBypass: %02X\n",
        PairsStatus.ubSystemOff_PairsBypass);
printf("JustOn_PairsBypass: %02X\n",
        PairsStatus.ubJustOn_PairsBypass);
printf("Runtime_PairsBypass: %02X\n",
        PairsStatus.ubRuntime_PairsBypass);
printf("JustOn_PortsDisconnect: %02X\n",
        PairsStatus.ubJustOn_PortsDisconnect);
printf("ubRuntime_PortsDisconnect: %02X\n",
        PairsStatus.ubRuntime_PortsDisconnect);
}
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}

```

## LMB\_LBP\_SetPairBypass

The **LMB\_LBP\_SetPairBypass** function sets the LAN bypass pair new status

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_SetPairBypass(uint8_t ubSlot, uint8_t ubPairNo,  
                               uint8_t ubEnable);
```

### Parameters

*ubSlot*

[out] assign the slot for device access

*ubPairNo*

[out] assign a pair to set bypass function

*ubEnable*

[out] ENABLE or DISABLE bypass function

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

This function will update pair status immediately in Runtime stage

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <stdlib.h>  
#include "lmbinc.h"  
  
int main(){  
int32_t iRet;  
LMB_DLL_Init();  
iRet = LMB_LBP_SetPairBypass(1, 1, ENABLE);  
if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {  
    printf("Set Slot 1, Pair 1, Lan Bypass Enable\n");  
}  
  
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();  
    return 0;  
}
```

## LMB\_LBP\_SetAllPairs

The **LMB\_LBP\_SetAllPairs** function sets the all pairs new status

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_SetAllPairs(uint8_t ubSlot, uint8_t ubStatus);
```

### Parameters

*ubSlot*

[out] assign the slot for device access

*ubStatus*

[out] new status for all pairs

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

This function will update all pair status immediately in Runtime stage

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
uint8_t ubStatus = 0x03; //pair1 & pair2 bypass enable
LMB_DLL_Init();
iRet = LMB_LBP_SetAllPairs(1, ubStatus);
if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
    printf("Set Slot 1, Pair 1&2, Lan Bypass Enable\n");
    printf("Set Slot 1, Pair 3&4, Lan Bypass Disable\n");
}

LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LBP\_SetPortDisconnect

The **LMB\_LBP\_SetPortDisconnect** function sets the fiber port disconnect status

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_SetPortDisconnect(uint8_t ubSlot, uint8_t ubPortNo,  
                                   uint8_t ubEnable);
```

### Parameters

*ubSlot*

[in] assign the slot for device access

*ubPortNo*

[out] assign a port to set disconnect function

*ubEnable*

[out] ENABLE or DISABLE fiber port disconnect

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

This function will update fiber port connection status immediately in Runtime stage.

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
uint8_t ubStatus = 0x03; //par1 & pair2 bypass enable
LMB_DLL_Init();
iRet = LMB_LBP_SetPortDisconnect(2, 1, ENABLE );
if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
    printf("Set Slot 2, Fiber port 1, Lan Disconnect Enable\n");
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LBP\_SetAllPortsDisconnect

The **LMB\_LBP\_SetAllPortsDisconnect** function sets all fiber port disconnect.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_SetAllPortsDisconnect(uint8_t ubSlot, uint8_t ubStatus);
```

### Parameters

*ubSlot*

[in] assign the slot for device access

*ubStatus*

[out] assign new status to set all fiber ports disconnect

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

This function will update fiber port connection status immediately in Runtime stage.

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
uint8_t ubStatus = 0x0C; //port3 port4 disconnect enable
LMB_DLL_Init();
iRet = LMB_LBP_SetAllPortsDisconnect(2, ubStatus);
if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
    printf("Set Slot 2, Fiber port 3 & 4, Lan Disconnect Enable\n"); }
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LBP\_TimerConfig

The **LMB\_LBP\_TimerConfig** function configures Timer count and timeout action

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_TimerConfig(uint8_t ubSlot,  
                             LBP_TIMERCFG stuLbpTimerCfg);
```

### Parameters

*ubSlot*

[in] assign the slot for device access

*stuLbpTimerCfg*

[out] structure for configuring LAN bypass timer

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

If timer second value large maximum value, the function will use maximum value.

Timer3 count step is 5 seconds, timer count will divisor 5 before setting

**Example**

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;

uint8_t bSlot=1;
LMB_DLL_Init();

printf("=====LMB_LBP_TimerConfig=====\\n");
stuTimerCfg.ubTimerNo = 1;
stuTimerCfg.uwTimeSec = 10;
stuTimerCfg.ubAction = PAIR_BYPASS_ENABLE;
stuTimerCfg.ubEffect = 0x08; //effect pair

printf("Slot=%d, Timer=%d, Second=%d, Action=%d, Pair/Port Effect %02X\\n",
        bSlot, stuTimerCfg.ubTimerNo, stuTimerCfg.uwTimeSec,
        stuTimerCfg.ubAction, stuTimerCfg.ubEffect);

iRet = LMB_LBP_TimerConfig(bSlot, stuTimerCfg);
if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {

printf("----> set Slot1 Time1 10 seconds timeout pair4 bypass enable\\n");
LMB_LBP_TimerStart(bSlot, stuTimerCfg.ubTimerNo);
printf("Wait 5 seconds..... tick 1\\n"); sleep(5);
LMB_LBP_TimerTick(bSlot, stuTimerCfg.ubTimerNo);
printf("Wait 5 seconds..... tick 2\\n"); sleep(5);
LMB_LBP_TimerTick(bSlot, stuTimerCfg.ubTimerNo);
printf("----> stop timer\\n");
LMB_LBP_TimerStop(bSlot, stuTimerCfg.ubTimerNo);
printf("hit <Enter> to start timer !!!\\n"); getchar();
LMB_LBP_TimerStart(bSlot, stuTimerCfg.ubTimerNo);
printf("Wait 12 seconds..... wait timeout\\n");
sleep(12);
}
else
printf("Error ==> pairs setting may be not exist\\n");

LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}

```

## LMB\_LBP\_TimerStart

The **LMB\_LBP\_TimerStart** function is starting the controller timer function.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_TimerStart(uint8_t ubSlot, uint8_t ubTimerNo);
```

### Parameters

*ubSlot*

[in] assign the slot for device access

*ubTimerNo*

[out] assign timer of LAN bypass controller

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

Refer function LMB\_LBP\_TimerrConfig example.



## LMB\_LBP\_TimerStop

The **LMB\_LBP\_TimerStop** function is stopped the controller timer function.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_TimerStop(uint8_t ubSlot, uint8_t ubTimerNo);
```

### Parameters

*ubSlot*

[in] assign the slot for device access

*ubTimerNo*

[out] assign timer of LAN bypass controller

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

Refer function LMB\_LBP\_TimerrConfig example.

## LMB\_LBP\_TimerTick

The **LMB\_LBP\_TimerTick** function reloads the timer then re-compute it.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_TimerTick(uint8_t ubSlot, uint8_t ubTimerNo);
```

### Parameters

*ubSlot*

[in] assign the slot for device access

*ubTimerNo*

[out] assign timer of LAN bypass controller

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

Refer function LMB\_LBP\_TimerrConfig example.

## MB\_LBP\_TimerStatus

The **LMB\_LBP\_TimerStatus** function gets the Timer current status.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LBP_TimerStatus(uint8_t ubSlot, uint8_t ubTimerNo,
                           uint8_t *pubStatus);
```

### Parameters

*ubSlot*

[in] assign the slot for device access

*ubTimerNo*

[out] assign timer of LAN bypass controller

*pubStatus*

[in] obtain timer current status

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: this platform is not support this function

### Remarks

(none)

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
uint8_t ubStatus;
LMB_DLL_Init();
iRet = LMB_LBP_TimerStatus(2, 1, &ubStatus);
if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
    if (ubStatus ==0 )    printf("Slot2, Timer1, Stopped\n");
    else if (ubStatus==1 ) printf("Slot2, Timer1, Running\n");
    else if (ubStatus==2 ) printf("Slot2, Timer1, Expired\n");
    else                printf("Unknown status\n");
}
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```

# Serial EEPROM

## LMB\_EEP\_QueryDevices

The **LMB\_EEP\_QueryDevices** function gets platform installed controller devices.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_EEP_QueryDevices(uint16_t* puwSlotsDev);
```

### Parameters

*puwSlotsDev*

[in] obtain this platform devices installed status.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

**Example**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(){
int32_t iRet;
uint16_t uwSlotsDev;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    LMB_EEP_QueryDevices(&uwSlotsDev);
    if ( iRet == ERR_Success ) {
        printf("Current EEPROM devices list:\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0001 ) printf("    SLOT_ONBOARD\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0002 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_1\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0004 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_2\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0008 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_3\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0010 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_4\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0020 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_5\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0040 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_6\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0080 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_7\n");
        if (uwSlotsDev & 0x0100 ) printf("    SLOT_INDEX_8\n");
    }
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_EEP\_WriteByte

The **LMB\_EEP\_WriteByte** function write byte data to EEPROM device.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_EEP_WriteByte(uint8_t ubDeviceNo, uint32_t udwAddr,  
                           uint8_t ubData);
```

### Parameters

*ubDeviceNo*

[out] assign the Serial EEPROM device.

*udwAddr*

[out] assign the location to write.

*ubData*

[out] byte data for writing

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

**Example**

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
uint8_t aryData[0x20];
LMB_DLL_Init();
//erase onboard eeprom
LMB_EEP_Erase(0);
//Write data
printf("Write addr.0x00,data 0x41\n");
LMB_EEP_WriteByte(0, 0, 0x41);
printf("Write addr.0x04,data 0x3132\n");
LMB_EEP_WriteWord(0, 0x04, 0x3132);
printf("Write addr.0x08, data 0x61626364\n");
LMB_EEP_WriteDWord(0, 0x08, 0x61626364);
printf("Write addr.0x10, string AbCdEfgHiJk\n")
LMB_EEP_WriteBlock(0, 0x10, 11, "AbCdEfgHiJk" );
//Read data
LMB_EEP_ReadByte(0, 0, &aryData[0]);
printf("Read Addr.0x00,data=%02X\n", aryData[0]);
LMB_EEP_ReadWord(0, 4, (uint16_t*)&aryData[4]);
printf("Read Addr.0x04,data=%04X\n", *(uint16_t*)&aryData[4]);
LMB_EEP_ReadDWord(0, 0x08, (uint32_t*)&aryData[8]);
printf("Read Addr.0x08,data=%08X\n",*(uint32_t*)&aryData[8]);
LMB_EEP_ReadBlock(0, 0x10, 11, &aryData[0x10]);
printf("Read Addr.0x10,data=%s\n", &aryData[0x10]);
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}

```

## LMB\_EEP\_WriteWord

The **LMB\_EEP\_WriteWord** function write word data to EEPROM device.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_EEP_WriteWord(uint8_t ubDeviceNo, uint32_t udwAddr,  
                           uint16_t uwData);
```

### Parameters

*ubDeviceNo*

[out] assign the Serial EEPROM device.

*udwAddr*

[out] assign the location to write.

*uwData*

[out] word data for writing

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

Refer function LMB\_EEP\_WriteByte example.



## LMB\_EEP\_WriteDWord

The **LMB\_EEP\_WriteDWord** function write dword data to EEPROM device.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_EEP_WriteDWord(uint8_t ubDeviceNo, uint32_t udwAddr,  
                           uint32_t udwData);
```

### Parameters

*ubDeviceNo*

[out] assign the Serial EEPROM device.

*udwAddr*

[out] assign the location to write.

*udwData*

[out] double word data for writing

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

Refer function LMB\_EEP\_WriteByte example.

## LMB\_EEP\_WriteBlock

The **LMB\_EEP\_WriteBlock** function write block data to EEPROM device.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_EEP_WriteBlock(uint8_t ubDeviceNo, uint16_t udwAddr,  
                           uint16_t uwLength, uint8_t* pubBlock);
```

### Parameters

*ubDeviceNo*

[out] assign the Serial EEPROM device.

*udwAddr*

[out] assign the location to write.

*uwLength*

[out] double word data for writing

*pubBlock*

[out] byte block data for writing

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

Refer function LMB\_EEP\_WriteByte example.

## LMB\_EEP\_ReadByte

1. The **LMB\_EEP\_ReadByte** function write byte data from EEPROM device.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_EEP_ReadByte(uint8_t ubDeviceNo, uint32_t udwAddr,  
                                                                    uint8_t* pubData);
```

### Parameters

*ubDeviceNo*

[out] assign the Serial EEPROM device.

*udwAddr*

[out] assign the location to write.

*pubData*

[in] obtain byte data for reading

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

Refer function LMB\_EEP\_WriteByte example.

## LMB\_EEP\_ReadWord

The **LMB\_EEP\_ReadWord** function read word data from EEPROM device.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_EEP_ReadWord(uint8_t ubDeviceNo, uint32_t udwAddr,  
                          uint16_t* puwData);
```

### Parameters

*ubDeviceNo*

[out] assign the Serial EEPROM device.

*udwAddr*

[out] assign the location to write.

*puwData*

[in] obtain word data for reading

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

Refer function LMB\_EEP\_WriteByte example.

## LMB\_EEP\_ReadDWord

The **LMB\_EEP\_ReadDWord** function read dword data from EEPROM device.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_EEP_ReadDWord(uint8_t ubDeviceNo, uint32_t udwAddr,  
                           uint32_t* pudwData);
```

### Parameters

*ubDeviceNo*

[out] assign the Serial EEPROM device.

*udwAddr*

[out] assign the location to write.

*pudwData*

[in] obtain double word data for reading

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

Refer function LMB\_EEP\_WriteByte example.

## LMB\_EEP\_ReadBlock

The **LMB\_EEP\_ReadBlock** function read block data from EEPROM device.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_EEP_ReadBlock(uint8_t ubDeviceNo, uint32_t udwAddr,  
                           uint16_t uwLength, uint8_t* pubBlock);
```

### Parameters

*ubDeviceNo*

[out] assign the Serial EEPROM device.

*udwAddr*

[out] assign the location to write.

*uwLength*

[out] obtain double word data for reading

*pubBlock*

[in] obtain byte block data for reading

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

Refer function LMB\_EEP\_WriteByte example.

## LMB\_EEP\_Erase

The **LMB\_EEP\_Erase** function erases EPROM device.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_EEP_Erase(uint8_t ubDeviceNo);
```

### Parameters

*ubDeviceNo*

[out] assign the Serial EEPROM device.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

Erase EEPROM all data to 0x00 value

### Example

Refer function LMB\_EEP\_WriteByte example.

# LCD Module

## LMB\_LCM\_DeviceOpen

The **LMB\_LCM\_DeviceOpen** function opens and connected LCD module.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen(void);
```

### Parameters

*(none)*

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
uint8_t aryData[0x20];

LMB_DLL_Init();

iRet = LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen();
if ( iRet != ERR_Success ) {
printf("LCD Module not exist\n");
return -1;
}

... ..

LMB_LCM_DeviceClose();
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```



## LMB\_LCM\_DeviceClose

The **LMB\_LCM\_DeviceClose** function closes and disconnected LCD module.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_DeviceClode(void);
```

### Parameters

*(none)*

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

Refer function LMB\_EEP\_WriteByte example.

## LMB\_LCM\_DeviceInfo

The **LMB\_LCM\_DeviceInfo** function gets platform LCM device information.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_DeviceInfo(LCM_INFO* pstuLcmInfo);
```

### Parameters

*pstuLcmInfo*

[in] obtain this LCM device information.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
LCM_INFO stuLcmInfo;
LMB_DLL_Init();
LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen();
iRet = LMB_LCM_DeviceInfo(&stuLcmInfo);
if (iRet == ERR_Success ){
printf("LCM Mode No. is %04X\n", stuLcmInfo.uwModeNo);
printf("LCM Firmware Ver. is %04X\n", stuLcmInfo.uwVersion);
printf("LCM Speed =%d\n", stuLcmInfo.udwBaudrate);
}
LMB_LCM_DeviceClose();
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LCM\_LightCtrl

The **LMB\_LCM\_LightCtrl** function sets LCD module light on/off status.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_LightCtrl(uint8_t ubOnOff);
```

### Parameters

*ubOnOff*

[out] control the LCM light status. [range: 0/1] (Off/On)

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
LCM_INFO stuLcmInfo;
LMB_DLL_Init();
LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen();
iRet = LMB_LCM_LightCtrl(DISABLE);
if (iRet == ERR_Success ) printf("LCM Light Off\n");
sleep(2);//delay 2 seconds
iRet = LMB_LCM_LightCtrl(ENABLE);
if (iRet == ERR_Success ) printf("LCM Light On\n");
LMB_LCM_DeviceClose();
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LCM\_SetCursor

The **LMB\_LCM\_SetCursor** function writes string to LCD module.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_SetCursor(uint8_t ubColumn, uint8_t ubRow);
```

### Parameters.

*ubColumn*

[out] assigned column value of LCM display cursor.

*ubRow*

[out] assigned row value of LCM display cursor

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
LMB_DLL_Init();
LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen();
iRet = LMB_LCM_SetCursor(5,1); //column 5, row 1
if (iRet == ERR_Success )
printf("LCM set cursor to column 5, row 1\n");
LMB_LCM_DeviceClose();
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LCM\_WriteString

The **LMB\_LCM\_WriteString** function writes string to LCD module.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_WriteString(int8_t* pstrubString);
```

### Parameters

*pstrubString*

[out] message string to LCM display.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

Please refer appendix: LCD Module Character Table

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
LMB_DLL_Init();
LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen();
iRet = LMB_LCM_WriteString("123ABCD");
if (iRet == ERR_Success )
printf("Write string to LCM is successful\n");
LMB_LCM_DeviceClose();
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LCM\_DisplayClear

The **LMB\_LCM\_DisplayClear** function clears LCM display.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_DisplayClear(void);
```

### Parameters

*(none)*

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
LMB_DLL_Init();
    LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen();
    iRet = LMB_LCM_DisplayClear();
    if (iRet == ERR_Success ) printf("Clear display successful\n");
LMB_LCM_DeviceClose();
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LCM\_Brightness

The **LMB\_LCM\_Brightness** function sets the brightness of LCD module.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_Brightness(uint8_t ubBrightness);
```

### Parameters

*ubBrightness*

[out] set brightness value of LCM. [range 1 ~ 8 ]

When value is out of range, will auto set to maximum or minimum.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
LMB_DLL_Init();
LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen();
iRet = LMB_LCM_Brightness(1);
if (iRet == ERR_Success ) printf("Set brightness step 8\n");
iRet = LMB_LCM_Brightness(8);
if (iRet == ERR_Success ) printf("Set brightness step 1\n");
LMB_LCM_DeviceClose();
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LCM\_Reset

The **LMB\_LCM\_Reset** function resets the LCD module.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_Reset(void);
```

### Parameters

*(none)*

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
LMB_DLL_Init();
    LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen();
    iRet = LMB_LCM_Reset();
    if (iRet == ERR_Success ) printf("Soft Reset LCM\n");
LMB_LCM_DeviceClose();
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```



## LMB\_LCM\_SetSpeed

The **LMB\_LCM\_SetSpeed** function sets communication baud rate of LCM.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_SetSpeed(uint32_t udwBaudrate);
```

### Parameters

*udwBaudrate*

[out] set communication baudrate of LCM.

Supports speed: 115200, 57600, 38400, 19200, 9600

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

After changed connect speed, the application needs close LCM device and re-open LCM device again.

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
LMB_DLL_Init();
LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen();
iRet = LMB_LCM_SetSpeed(115200);
if (iRet == ERR_Success ) printf("set LCM speed is 115200\n");
LMB_LCM_DeviceClose();
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LCM\_WrapCtrl

The **LMB\_LCM\_WrapCtrl** function sets LCM line wrap format.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_WrapCtrl(uint8_t ubOnOff);
```

### Parameters

*ubOnOff*

[out] control wrap is on or off. [range: 0/1] (Off/On)

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
LMB_DLL_Init();
    LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen();
    iRet = LMB_LCM_WrapCtrl(DISABLE);
    if (iRet == ERR_Success ) printf("Line wrap is off\n");
    iRet = LMB_LCM_WrapCtrl(ENABLE);
    if (iRet == ERR_Success ) printf("Line wrap is on\n");
LMB_LCM_DeviceClose();
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LCM\_CursorModeCtrl

The **LMB\_LCM\_CursorModeCtrl** function sets LCM cursor format.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_CursorModeCtrl(uint8_t ubCursorMode);
```

### Parameters

*ubCursorMode*

[out] control cursor display mode.

0	Off
1	Underline
2	Blinking Block

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

Set cursor display type will auto set cursor to HOME(0,0) position

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
LMB_DLL_Init();
LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen();
iRet = LMB_LCM_CursorModeCtrl(2);
if (iRet == ERR_Success ) printf("Cursor is blinking & block\n");
iRet = LMB_LCM_CursorModeCtrl(1);
if (iRet == ERR_Success ) printf("Cursor is underline\n");
LMB_LCM_DeviceClose();
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LCM\_KeysStatus

The **LMB\_LCM\_KeysStatus** function reads LCM key status.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_KeysStatus(uint8_t * pubKeys);
```

### Parameters

*pubKeys*

[in] obtain keys status of LCD module.

Bit 0	Key 1 pressed
Bit 1	Key 2 pressed
Bit 2	Key 3 pressed
Bit 3	Key 4 pressed

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

ERR\_Error: no any key pressed

### Remarks

none

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
uint8_t ubKeys;

LMB_DLL_Init();

LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen();

iRet = LMB_LCM_KeysStatus(&ubKeys);

if (iRet == ERR_Success )

    printf("key was pressed: %02X\n",ubKeys);

LMB_LCM_DeviceClose();

LMB_DLL_DeInit();

return 0;

}
```

## LMB\_LCM\_KeysCallback

The **LMB\_LCM\_KeysCallback** function hooks keys event callback of LCM

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_KeysCallback(LCMKEY_CALLBACK pCallback,
                             uint16_t uwmSec);
```

### Parameters

*pCallback*

[out] hook callback function pointer for LCM keys status changed event.

*uwmSec*

[out] setting period of time for checking status changed

[range: 10 ~ 999ms]

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_BusyInUses: callback function is running now

ERR\_Invalid: parameter is out of range

### Remarks

Current supports case open, software reset button and power status changed.

When pCallback is NULL pointer this function will disable.

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

void lcmCallback(LCMKEY_MSG pLcmMsg) {
    printf("Keys=%02X,status=%02X,\
    time = %04d/%02d/%02d %02d:%02d:%02d\n",\
    pLcmMsg.ubKeys, pLcmMsg.ubStatus, pLcmMsg.stuTime.year, \
    pLcmMsg.stuTime.month, pLcmMsg.stuTime.day, \
    pLcmMsg.stuTime.hour, pLcmMsg.stuTime.minute, \
    pLcmMsg.stuTime.second");
}

int main() {
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    LMB_LCM_KeysCallback(lcmCallback, 150);
    While (1) {
        .....
    }
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_LCM\_StartupMsg

The **LMB\_LCM\_StartupMsg** function set default message after LCM reset.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_LCM_StartupMsg(uint8_t * pubMsg, uint8_t ubLength);
```

### Parameters

*pubMessage*

[out] default display message after LCM reset.

*ubLength*

[out] message string length.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

The string maximum length depends on LCD module, normally is 40 characters.

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
uint8_t *pstrMsg = (uint8_t*)"Lanner Electronics Inc.";
LMB_DLL_Init();
LMB_LCM_DeviceOpen();
LMB_LCM_StartupMsg(pstrMsg, strlen((char*)pstrMsg));
LMB_LCM_Reset();
LMB_LCM_DeviceClose();
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return ;
}
```

# Power Supply

## LMB\_PSU\_QueryDevices

The **LMB\_PSU\_QueryDevices** function gets platform power supply devices.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_PWR_QueryDevices(uint16_t* puwPsuDev);
```

### Parameters

*puwPsuDev*

[in] obtain this platform devices installed status.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

None

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
uint16_t uwPsuDev;
LMB_DLL_Init();
iRet = LMB_PSU_QueryDevices(&uwPsuDev);
if (iRet == ERR_Success )
    printf("PSU devices = %02X\n", uwPsuDev);
LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```



## LMB\_PSU\_DeviceInfo

The **LMB\_PSU\_DeviceInfo** function gets power supply information

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_PSU_DeviceInfo(PSU_INFO* pstuPsuInfo);
```

### Parameters

*pstuPsuInfo*

[in/out] obtain this power supply device information

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

ERR\_Invalid: parameter is out of range

### Remarks

The "ubPsuNo" parameter of PSU\_INFO needs to assign PSU number.

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
PSU_INFO stuPsuInfo;
LMB_DLL_Init();

stuPsuInfo.ubPsuNo = 1;
iRet = LMB_PSU_DeviceInfo(&stuPsuInfo);
if (iRet == ERR_Success ) {
printf("PSU 1 Device information\n");
printf(" MFRID = %s\n", stuPsuInfo.strubMfrId);
printf(" MFRMODEL = %s\n", stuPsuInfo.strubMfrModel);
printf(" MFRSERIAL = %s\n", stuPsuInfo.strubMfrSerial);
}

LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_PSU\_SensorInfo

The **LMB\_PSU\_SensorInfo** function gets temperature and fan speed information.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_PSU_SensorInfo(PSU_SENSORS* pstuPsuSensors);
```

### Parameters

*pstuPsuSensors*

[in/out] obtain this power supply sensors information

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

ERR\_Invalid: parameter is out of range

### Remarks

The "ubPsuNo" parameter of PSU\_SENSORS needs to assign PSU number.

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
PSU_SENSORS stuPsuSensors;
LMB_DLL_Init();

stuPsuSensors.ubPsuNo = 1;
iRet = LMB_PSU_SensorInfo(&stuPsuSensors);
if (iRet == ERR_Success ) {
printf("PSU 1 Sensor information\n");
printf(" Temp-1 = %4.1f\n", stuPsuSensors.fTemp_1);
printf(" Temp-2 = %4.1f\n", stuPsuSensors.fTemp_2);
printf(" FanSpeed = %d\n", stuPsuSensors.uwFanRpm);
}

LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_PSU\_WattsInfo

The **LMB\_PSU\_WattsInfo** function gets power supply Watts information.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_PSU_WattsInfo(PSU_WATTS* pstuPsuWatts);
```

### Parameters

*pstuPsuWatts*

[in/out] obtain this power supply Watts, Volt and Amperes information

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

The "ubPsuNo" parameter of PSU\_WATTS needs to assign PSU number.

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
PSU_WATTS stuPsuWatts;
LMB_DLL_Init();

stuPsuWatts.ubPsuNo = 1;
stuPsuWatts.ubPsuNo = PSU_WATTS_OUTPUT;
iRet = LMB_PSU_WattsInfo(&stuPsuWatts);
if (iRet == ERR_Success ) {
printf("PSU 1 Output Watts information\n");
printf(" Volts = %4.3f\n", stuPsuWatts.fVolts);
printf(" Amperes = %4.3f\n", stuPsuWatts.fAmperes);
printf(" Watts = %4.3f\n", stuPsuWatts.Watts);
}

LMB_DLL_DeInit();
return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_PSU\_Status

The **LMB\_PSU\_Status** function gets power supply status information.

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_PSU_Status(uint8_t ubPsuNo, uint16_t* puwStatus);
```

### Parameters

*ubPsuNo*

[out] assign the PSU number

*puwStatus*

[in] obtain this power supply status word

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

Please refer the "PSU Status Bit define" in chapter 2.1

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

int main(){
int32_t iRet;
uint16_t uwStatus =0;
LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_PSU_Status(1, &uwStatus);
    if (iRet == ERR_Success ) {
        printf("PSU 1 status Status = %04X\n", uwStatus);
    }

    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_PSU\_IntrCallback

The **LMB\_PSU\_IntrCallback** function hooks power supply alarm callback

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_PSU_IntrCallback(INTRUSION_CALLBACK pCallback
                             uint16_t uwmSec);
```

### Parameters

*pCallback*

[out] hook callback function pointer for status changed event.

*uwmSec*

[out] setting period of time for checking status changed

[range: 10 ~ 999ms]

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_BusyInUses: callback function is running now

ERR\_Invalid: parameter is out of range

### Remarks

Supports case open, software reset button and power status changed and power supply fault event ( refer "Intrusion Item Define (bit)" in chapter 2.1)

When pCallback is NULL pointer this function will disable.

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

void psuCallback(INTRUSION_MSG pIntr){
    printf("item=%04X,status=%04X,\
    time = %04d/%02d/%02d %02d:%02d:%02d\n",\
    pInt.udwOccurItem, pIntr.udwStatus, pIntr.stuTime.year, \
    pIntr.stuTime.month, pIntr.stuTime.day, pIntr.stuTime.hour,\
    pIntr.stuTime.minute, pIntr.stuTime.second");
}

int main(){
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    LMB_PSU_IntrCallback(psuCallback, 100);
    While (1) {
        .....
    }
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

# Software Reset Button

## LMB\_SWR\_GetStatus

The **LMB\_SWR\_GetStatus** function gets software reset button status

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_SWR_GetStatus(uint8_t *pubStatus);
```

### Parameters

*pubStatus*

[in] indicate software reset button status.

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_NotSupport: function not support

### Remarks

none

### Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int32_t iRet;
    uint8_t bStatus= 0;
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    iRet = LMB_SW_GetStatus(&bStatus);
    if (iRet == ERR_Success)
        printf("Software reset button status is %d\n", bStatus);
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

## LMB\_SWR\_IntrCallback

The **LMB\_SWR\_IntrCallback** function hooks some status change callback

### Syntax

```
int32_t LMB_SWR_IntrCallback(INTRUSION_CALLBACK pCallback  
                             uint16_t uwmSec);
```

### Parameters

*pCallback*

[out] hook callback function pointer for status changed event.

*uwmSec*

[out] setting period of time for checking status changed

[range: 10 ~ 999ms]

### Return Value

ERR\_Success: function is successful

ERR\_NotOpened: library not ready or opened yet

ERR\_BusyInUses: callback function is running now

ERR\_Invalid: parameter is out of range

### Remarks

Supports case open, software reset button and power status changed and power supply fault event ( refer "Intrusion Item Define (bit)" in chapter 2.1)

When pCallback is NULL pointer this function will disable.



**Example**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "lmbinc.h"

void swrCallback(INTRUSION_MSG pIntr){
    printf("item=%04X,status=%04X,\
    time = %04d/%02d/%02d %02d:%02d:%02d\n",\
    pInt.udwOccurItem, pIntr.udwStatus, pIntr.stuTime.year, \
    pIntr.stuTime.month, pIntr.stuTime.day, pIntr.stuTime.hour,\
    pIntr.stuTime.minute, pIntr.stuTime.second");
}

int main(){
    LMB_DLL_Init();
    LMB_SWR_IntrCallback(swrCallback, 100);
    While (1) {
        .....
    }
    LMB_DLL_DeInit();
    return 0;
}
```

# APPENDIX

## SDK Package Install & Build guide

Library and Device dependency:

Device node require

/dev/mem

x86\_x64 (amd64) library (base functions)

linux-vdso.so.1

libdl.so.2

libstdc++.so.6

libm.so.6

libc.so.6

libgcc\_s.so.1

/lib64/ld-linux-x86-64.so.2

i386/i686 library (base functions)

linux-gate.so.1

libdl.so.2

libstdc++.so.6

libm.so.6

libc.so.6

libgcc\_s.so.1

/lib/ld-linux.so.2

Checking tool:

The shell script file "amd64/sample/checkenv.sh" will report

the all libraries dependency result

when the environment is ok like below picture

```
[legend@localhost sample]$ ./checkenv.sh
The SDK environment is ready
[legend@localhost sample]$ █
```

If any library is found missing in the system, the message shows:

```
[legend@localhost sample]$ ./checkenv.sh
Warning !!! libraries is not exist
=====
../sdk-lanner-eep-0.0.1.so :: libstdc++.so.6 => not found

Warning !!! libraries is not exist
=====
../sdk-lanner-lbp-0.0.1.so :: libstdc++.so.6 => not found

Warning !!! libraries is not exist
=====
../sdk-lanner-lcm-0.0.1.so :: libstdc++.so.6 => not found

Warning !!! libraries is not exist
=====
../sdk-lanner-psu-0.0.1.so :: libstdc++.so.6 => not found

Warning !!! libraries is not exist
=====
../sdk-lmbapi-0.1.27.so :: libstdc++.so.6 => not found

Warning !!! libraries is not exist
=====
../sdk-nca6210-board-0.1.37.so :: libstdc++.so.6 => not found

Warning !!! libraries is not exist
=====
../sdk-nca6210-gpio-0.0.1.so :: libstdc++.so.6 => not found

Warning !!! libraries is not exist
=====
../sdk-nca6210-hwm-0.0.1.so :: libstdc++.so.6 => not found

Warning !!! libraries is not exist
=====
../sdk-nca6210-sled-0.0.1.so :: libstdc++.so.6 => not found

Warning !!! libraries is not exist
=====
../sdk-nca6210-swr-0.0.1.so :: libstdc++.so.6 => not found

Warning !!! libraries is not exist
=====
../sdk-nca6210-wdt-0.0.1.so :: libstdc++.so.6 => not found

[legend@localhost sample]$ █
```

Package directory introduce:

“amd64” directory

The libraries of product and sample code for x86\_x64 Linux

“i386” directory

The libraries of product and sample code for i686/i386 Linux

“include” directory

The include file of the SDK library

“sample” directory

The source code of the sample program

Build sample

Require g++ compiler

install g++ method:

CentOS: \$ sudo yum install gcc-c++

Ubuntu: \$ sudo apt-get install g++

Build:

\$ cd sample

\$ ./make-sample.sh

Notes: this script for both x86\_x64(amd64) and i386/686 architecture,  
please mark the script which the architecture is not supported.

Install & Running

1. Copy amd64 or i386 directory all library file with a link to /usr/lib or your directory path
2. \$ export LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH=*your\_path*:\$LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH
3. Running the sample program or yours

## Parameter & Variable Naming Rule

**b**Value : 8 bit size variable with sign  
**ub**Value: 8 bit size variable without sign  
**w**Value: 16 bit size variable with sign  
**uw**Value: 16 bit size variable without sign  
**dw**Value: 32 bit size variable with sign  
**udw**Value: 32 bit size variable without sign  
**f**Value: float type variable with sign  
**d**Value: 64 bit size variable with sign  
**ud**Value: 64 bit size variable without sign

**pb**Value : pointer of 8 bit size variable with sign  
**pub**Value: pointer of 8 bit size variable without sign  
**pw**Value: pointer of 16 bit size variable with sign  
**puw**Value: pointer of 16 bit size variable without sign  
**pdw**Value: pointer of 32 bit size variable with sign  
**pudw**Value: pointer of 32 bit size variable without sign  
**pf**Value: float type variable with sign  
**pd**Value: pointer of 64 bit size variable with sign  
**pud**Value: pointer of 64 bit size variable without sign

**strb**String: 8bit with sign string or array pointer  
**strub**String: 8bit without sign string or array pointer  
**strw**String: 16bit with sign string or array pointer  
**struw**String: 16bit without sign string or array pointer  
**strdw**String: 32bit with sign string or array pointer  
**strudw**String: 32bit without sign string or array pointer

**stu**Struct: structure name  
**pstu**Struct: pointer of structure name

# LCD Module Character Table

NO.7066-0A

b7-b4 b3-b0	0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
0000	CG RAM (1)			0	1	P	\	P				-	夕	ミ	ヨ	P
0001	(2)		!	1	Q	a	4				.	ア	チ	シ	シ	q
0010	(3)		"	2	R	b	r				「	イ	ツ	メ	シ	シ
0011	(4)		#	3	C	S	S				」	ウ	テ	セ	シ	シ
0100	(5)		\$	4	D	T	t				√	エ	ト	ト	シ	シ
0101	(6)		%	5	E	U	u				.	オ	ナ	シ	シ	シ
0110	(7)		&	6	F	V	v				ヲ	カ	シ	シ	シ	シ
0111	(8)		'	7	G	W	w				フ	キ	メ	ヲ	シ	シ
1000	(1)		(	8	H	X	x				イ	ウ	キ	リ	シ	シ
1001	(2)		)	9	I	Y	y				ウ	ケ	シ	シ	シ	シ
1010	(3)		*	:	J	Z	z				エ	コ	シ	シ	シ	シ
1011	(4)		+	;	K	[	k	(			オ	ケ	シ	シ	シ	シ
1100	(5)		,	<	L	]	l				カ	シ	シ	シ	シ	シ
1101	(6)		-	=	M	^	m	)			ク	シ	シ	シ	シ	シ
1110	(7)		.	>	N	~	n	*			コ	シ	シ	シ	シ	シ
1111	(8)		/	?	O	_	o	←			ク	シ	シ	シ	シ	シ